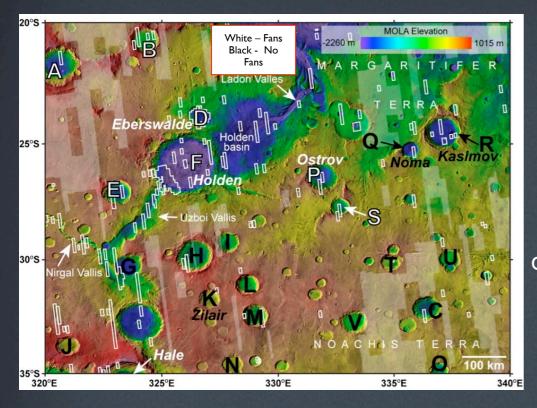
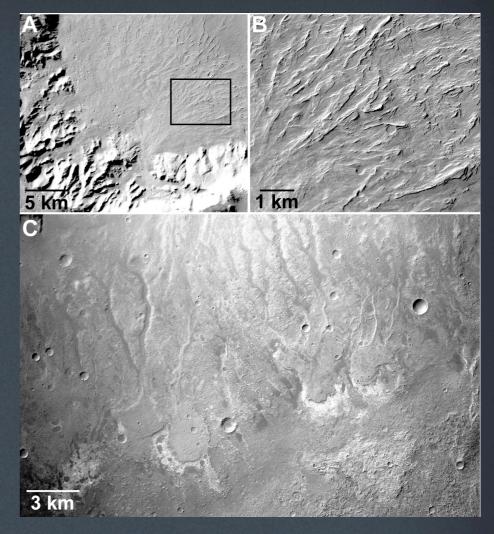
Widespread Snowfall as the Water Source for River Deposits on Mars

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Numerous alluvial fans
within craters in
Margaritifer Terra are
comprised of fine-grained
sediments formed by
relatively uniform,
quiescent runoff, as shown
by images from the Mars
Reconnaissance Orbiter.



The distribution and appearance of the fans is most consistent with widely occurring precipitation, probably as snow.

Snow was possibly concentrated into preexisting crater rim depressions (white arrows in figure to the right) by the wind and facilitated weathering to form fines (gravel, sand, and silt) that was washed onto the fans when the snow melted.

Fans may record and preserve evidence of habitable conditions on Mars that occurred relatively recently, when the cold, dry climate on Mars was punctuated by wetter conditions.

